# **Primrose Hill Pupil Premium Strategy Statement 2020-21**



#### **The Pupil Premium At Primrose Hill**

The Pupil Premium is an allocation of additional funding provided to schools to support specific groups of children who are vulnerable to possible underachievement. These include pupils who are entitled to free school meals, those looked after by the local authority and children of armed service personnel. The intended effect of this funding is to accelerate progress and raise attainment.

In most cases the Pupil Premium is allocated to schools and is clearly identifiable. It is for schools to decide how the Pupil Premium, allocated to schools per FSM (Free School Meal) pupil, is spent, since they are best placed to assess what additional provision should be made for the individual pupils within their responsibility.

All schools are required to report on the amount of funding received, how this is being used, and the impact of any work done.

## The funding we receive is used in the following ways:

- To provide intervention programmes for underachieving pupils and those with SEN (Special Educational Needs).
- To provide early intervention for children in danger of falling behind.
- To employ additional support staff to help provide a targeted level of support to some of our most vulnerable children so they can make the progress expected of them, particularly in Reading, Writing and Maths. Sometimes, the additional staff who are employed in school to support our disadvantaged pupils will also work with non-disadvantaged pupils. This is often due to how the class groups are organised and will be for all students' benefit; at Primrose Hill we are keen to ensure that those not in receipt of the PPG do not themselves fall behind due to a lack of support and intervention.
- To provide one-to-one tuition and/or speech and language therapy for some pupils.
- To incentivise pupils to come to school and achieve good levels of progress (eg special trips out, small prizes, work in other classrooms etc)
- To provide short term intervention programmes for under achieving pupils and those with SEN so our most vulnerable children <u>can make</u> the progress expected of them and to also help many <u>exceed</u> the progress expected of them.
- Ensuring that the qualifying children as all others have their needs clearly identified and their progress closely monitored through the school
- To subsidise educational visits and provide them with a wider range of opportunity and experiences. For some children this has a huge impact on their self-esteem and confidence.
- To ensure that all children are able to start the school year with a new school jumper and reading book bag.
- To provide bespoke support for some pupils in times of crisis or need (eg payment of breakfast club fees, entrance exams, out of school activities etc.)

All matters regarding the use of Pupil Premium funds are treated with discretion and in confidence. Bespoke support often comes from approaches by our school's Learning Mentor or our SEND lead.

### **Barriers to Learning**

Our school's typical barriers to learning are:

- Socio-economic disadvantage i.e poverty
- Broken family structures family stress and low resilience
- Poor health and diet and/or high level of medical needs
- Parents with stressful occupations who work long hours or away from home for long periods of time.
- The behaviours of other children in the class.
- Unsupported learning habits at home e.g. the home may lack resources for learning and pupils may not have had reading modelled to them. The children may not have adequate support for homework.
- Pupils may have family circumstances or expectations that impact negatively upon their learning and ability to take up extra-curricular opportunities.
- Social and emotional issues resulting in low confidence and self-esteem.
- Attendance: Some children's attendance is low which will impact on their learning.
- Language delay or difficulties as identified by a Speech and Language therapist. This leads to social communication difficulties, and issues with reading and writing
- Low parental engagement/parenting skills
- Safeguarding and welfare issues which may lead to Social Services involvement
- Loss and bereavement
- Trauma and other mental health issues in the family and/or child
- Special educational needs and disabilities

It must be noted that these barriers are Issues are seen as barriers to be overcome - not excuses for poor attainment or lack of progress. The use of the Pupil Premium at Primrose Hill helps make a positive difference to our disadvantaged children, helping to combat their many barriers to learning and close the gaps in achievement so they do just as well as the other children.

| 1. Summary Information           |  |                                  |   |                               |            |
|----------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|------------|
| School                           | Primrose Hill                                    | Community Primary School         |   |                               |            |
|                                  |  |                                  | Main PPG                                      |                               |            |
|                                  |  |                                  | £249,480                                      |                               |            |
|                                  |  |                                  | + EYPP  |                               |            |
|                                  |  |                                  | £5,136  |                               |            |
|                                  |  |                                  | Total   | Date of most recent PP Review | 31/07/2020 |
| Academic Year                    | 2019-20  | Total PP budget                  | £254,616                                      | (internal school review)      |            |
|                                  |  |                                  | (an increase                                  |                               |            |
|                                  |  |                                  | of £3.5K                                      |                               |            |
|                                  |  |                                  | since 2019-                                   |                               |            |
|                                  |  |                                  | 2020)   |                               |            |
|                                  |  |                                  |   |                               |            |
|                                  |  |                                  | YN - Y6 : 228                                 |                               |            |
| Total number of pupils in school | 432<br>(a<br>decrease<br>of 5% since<br>2019-20) | Number of pupils eligible for PP | Inc 4 LAC<br>and 4<br>Special<br>Guardianship | Date for next Strategy Review | 1/08/2021  |
|                                  |  |                                  | (52% of the school)                           |                               |            |



| 2. | Barriers to future attainment  |
|----|--|
|    | Identified Internal Barriers To Learning   |
| A  | Poor communication skills in EYFS; there are Low levels of speaking and listening skills for a majority of children and if not address this can impact on their outcomes across all Key Stages   |
| В  | Progress made by the end of each Key Stage is insufficient, with evidence showing that there is a difference between the performances of disadvantaged children at the end of KS1 and KS2 when compared to their non-disadvantaged peers – however this gap decreased significantly for KS2 pupils in 2018 |
| С  | Lack of school stability; there is a high level of Inward and outward mobility with many new pupils having<br>English as an additional language  |
| D  | The number of children leaving Reception not at the expected standard is higher than National figures, despite evidence of progress being made in EYFS and in increase in the number of pupils achieving GLD in 2018   |
|    | External Barriers To Learning & Future Success   |
| E  | Attendance below national average for disadvantaged pupils Persistent absenteeism is high.   |
| F  | Low parental engagement shown by some families; response to home-reading, homework and attendance at meetings is lower than expected.  |
| G  | Limited experiences of areas and wider life beyond Salford   |
| Н  | Lack of aspiration – few children have close experience of university and a wide range of careers and there is Increasing evidence of 'gang' culture within the local area   |
| I  | Families unable to afford extra enhancements to provide their children with a wider range of experiences or take part in other activities due to the costs of living and of sending their child to school (eg provision of school uniform, coat etc)   |

| 3.                 | Outcomes  | Success criteria  |  |  |
|--------------------|---|---|--|--|
| In-school barriers |   |   |  |  |
| A.                 | Poor communication skills in EYFS; there are Low levels of speaking and listening skills for a majority of children and if not address this can impact on their outcomes across all Key Stages  | % achieving GLD: all :75%  Number of referrals to SaLT reduces from Yr 1 onwards.  Pupils in EYFS are able to speak more clearly, positively impacting on their reading and writing work.  Results in Expressive Arts & Design (EAD) increases and pupils converse freely and confidently with their peers and other adults.  |  |  |
| В.                 | Progress made by the end of each Key Stage is insufficient, with evidence showing that there is a difference between the performance of disadvantaged children at the end of KS1 when compared to their non-disadvantaged peers.  Improvements have been made to reduce the difference between disadvantaged and non-disadvantaged pupils at the end of KS2 | Due the therapies, assessments, interventions and other support plans in place, 100% of all pupils make steady progress in all Year Groups from Y1 to Y6 in reading, writing and maths.  There is little difference between the performance of disadvantaged and non-disadvantaged pupils, with a significantly higher number meeting and exceeding expected standards. Standards in GPS, Writing, maths and Reading improve at the end of KS2. The difference in the numbers of disadvantaged compared to non-disadvantaged pupils achieving the expected standard inn reading, writing and maths at the end of KS1 is reduced |  |  |
| C.                 | Lack of school stability; there is a high level of Inward mobility with many new pupils having English as an additional language  | Measures put in place ensure that new pupils make good progress (as defined by school) from their starting points on entry in reading, writing and mathematics.  Support for children new to the school is strong, this helps increase the rate of progress.  |  |  |
| D.                 | The number of children leaving Reception not at the expected standard is higher than National figures, despite evidence of progress being made in EYFS  | % of children at age related by the end of year 1 increases to be AT LEAST in line with National Standards.   |  |  |

|    |  | % of children passing the phonics test is AT LEAST at   |
|----|--|---|
|    | External Barriers  | national averages   |
|    |  |   |
| E. | Attendance is not seen as important to many families and children are often kept at home for non-essential reasons (eg to go and get new shoes or because it is their birthday)  The number of persistent absentees is higher than the national average. | Attendance of all increases. Parent sand families understand the importance of sending their child to school each day. Punctuality of pupils improves. There is a reduction in the number of persistent absentees. A rise in the number of fixed-penalty fines mirrors the reduction in the number of unauthorised absences in the school. PP attendance increases  |
| F. | Lack of parental involvement or educational aspiration for their child; many pupils begin to fall behind due to a lack of support at home or poor absence levels.  | The role of the current parent engagement lead ensures that more families attend parent and carer events. Successful parent workshops and drop in sessions note support from parents of pupils in receipt of the PPG. Equipment is provided to children to enable parents and carers to take a more active role in the education of their child.  Homework is completed and returned due to the changes in approaches we have made here.  Current COVID-19 restrictions may impact on this work for a time, however school does have plans to create some opportunities for remote engagement.  The number of children reading and home increases and so does the reading progress of these children. |
| G. | Limited experiences of areas and wider life beyond Salford   | School has provided all of its children with a range of trips, visits and memory makers to increase their knowledge of the wider world. Wherever possible trips t local resources are organised to help encourage families to visit these again. These events are exploited to help extend/inspire writing and topic work and enhance social interaction between pupils and other adults. Visits are not cancelled due to a lack of financial support from our families.  Older children have all been able to benefit from a residential trip irrespective of financial background   |

|   |  | All children have opportunities to experience an enriched curriculum including higher achieving children. (eg extra music tuition, increased sports provision, after-school clubs are offered for free to PPG students.)  |
|---|--|---|
| Н | Lack of aspiration – few children have close experience of university and a wide range of careers and there is Increasing evidence of 'gang' culture within the local area   | Decreasing evidence of police involvement with some pupils. Increased evidence of participation in university-linked project. KS2 girls have high aspirations for their future. Pupils talk confidently about careers, education and future opportunities. Links to other educational establishments as secured and exploited. Parents show more interest in their child's education; they begin to speak about their ambitions for them. School begins to trial a project with FACT through the use of a school careers day. |
| I | Families unable to afford extra enhancements to provide their children with a wider range of experiences or take part in other activities due to the costs of living and of sending their child to school (eg provision of school uniform, coat etc) | School is able to provide support in key areas to help families free up money to pay for other things and encourage them to prioritise spending in different ways   |

PLEASE NOTE THAT THE FOLLOWING ACTION PLAN IS A REVISED AND EXTENDED VERSION OF OUR PREVIOUS 2019-2020 PLAN. MANY OF THE THINGS WE HAD IDENTIFIED HAD TO BE POSTPONED WHEN SCHOOLS CLOSED IN MARCH 2020 DUE TO THE CORONAVIRUS PANDEMIC.

# Pupil Premium Action Plan 2020-21

| Chosen<br>action/approach   | What is the evidence & rationale for this choice?  | How will you ensure it is implemented well?  | Staff Lead  | Cost  | Termly review  |
|---|--|--|---|---|--|
| A. Employ a speech and language therapist:  1 Therapist in school on two days every week. They will carry out the following-Initial assessments Advice to teacher Part of whole class program. Interventions. | Speaking and listening skills are low on entry to EYFS. If children have poor speaking and listening skills they will be unable to access the wider curriculum and make other academic progress. | Termly tracking and half-<br>termly pupil progress<br>meetings.                                      | HC – Assistant<br>head and<br>Communication<br>lead | Contribution to total salary of £18,000                       | Aut:  SALT in place – however was absent for much of the first half term due to her own illness. COVID- secure workspace identified and set up; Carrying out agreed work; Liaising with SENCO and Communication lead |
| <b>A.</b> Upkeep standards of being a communication friendly school and gain status.  | Success in other schools and research suggests a whole school approach to improving speech and language to be more powerful than just having therapy.  | Staff training, staff<br>meetings, learning walks,<br>observations, half termly<br>tracking of data. | HC – Assistant<br>head and<br>Communication<br>lead | £3500<br>towards training<br>costs new staff<br>and resources | Aut: school making<br>plans to be re-<br>assessed for CFS;<br>looking at how this<br>can be done<br>remotely   |
| <b>A.</b> Additional member of staff to deliver SALT interventions in reception and to improve  | An additional adult will accelerate progress for our most vulnerable children and allow  | Termly tracking and half-<br>termly pupil progress<br>meetings                                       | HC – Assistant<br>head and<br>Communication<br>lead | Contribution of total, salary £15,000                         | Aut: Staffing ratio<br>maintained at 1 to<br>12 in Rec, 1 to 9 in<br>Nursery   |

| outcomes for our most<br>vulnerable children.<br>Additional teacher to<br>help support pupils in<br>Reception catch up,<br>keep up and get ahead.  | smaller class size for our reception class.  Additional NQT will help support children who have not been in a setting since March 2020.  |   |                   | Contribution of<br>total salary for<br>NQT support<br>£20,000   | An additional NQT has been employed to work across Reception in order to help children catch up and secure better standards due to the closure of our Nursery in March 2020   |
|--|--|---|-------------------|---|---|
| C. Provide translation services for vulnerable families who have EAL. Support parents with EAL through the provision of an ESOL class  | Some families struggle to support their children at home due to a language barrier. Families will be able to support their children at home if they are able to communicate with their child's school effectively. | Termly tracking and half-<br>termly pupil progress<br>meetings. Learning<br>walks   | HB – EAL Lead     | £4000<br>£2500 to support<br>ESOL   | Aut: School has worked with 8 families using this money so far; most were to support new families at the start of the term; ESOL classes have not yet started due to COVID-19 restrictions, however it is hoped that this will take place in the Spring |
| B. Targeted intervention throughout school activities for reading, writing, SALT and maths including set securing standards programs and also additional time maximising gaps (fix it interventions) with teaching assistants using brand new devices.  School will provide support for children who have been affected by |  | Termly tracking and half-<br>termly pupil progress<br>meetings  Training on new<br>interventions and<br>therapies show impact<br>due to clear entry and<br>exit points. New<br>equipment purchased is<br>used effectively,<br>maximising resource use.  WiFi dongles with data<br>on them are purchased | SLT and all staff | £22,000 to purchase new ipads and equipment to support securing standards teaching and fix it sessions.  £2,000 to support the development of counselling in school | Aut: Devices not yet purchased/installed due to long term absence of computing lead; it is hoped that this equipment will be on site for January 2021  Counsellors have now been identified and space for them to                                       |

| the pandemic via<br>COUNSELLING; this will<br>be brokered from<br>Place2Be and Salford<br>Thrive   |   | to help support any FSM child at home who is unable to access work online; a device will also be loaned to these pupils |                              |         | work has been<br>secured; this will<br>commence in full<br>from Jan 2021   |
|--|---|---|------------------------------|---------|--|
| B. Additional staff: Strengthen numbers of staff in KS2 and KS1 to raise attainment in all areas for vulnerable children and keep children from falling behind.  School has two year groups with a higher number of pupil-premium students than the school average of 50% - Y4 (67% FSM) and Y5 (62% FSM). Enhanced staffing for these year groups (increased TA hours in Y4, HLTA for Y5) thelp support and develop provision | Our children respond differently to a range of teaching styles and classroom group. Extra staff ensure that children can be taught in different ways and in smaller groups – including specific provision for SEN pupils in Y6. | Termly tracking and half-<br>termly pupil progress<br>meetings  | SLT                          | £90,000 | Aut: Agency staff in post; one in Y6, one in Y2 and one part time in Y3 Y2 staff left end of Term One; currently trialling another adult   |
| B. Reading initiative to encourage children to read at home starts.  Prizes and certificates, new reading materials and online subscription  | Children and parents like rewards for the children.   | Tracking of reading at home by class teachers. Termly tracking and half-termly pupil progress meetings.                 | AR -Reading subject leaders. | £9000   |  |
| B. 1:1 tuition Securing Standards classes, Study Support groups and 1 to 1 tuition sessions groups to take place in KS1 and KS2 (YEAR R, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 AND 6). Support staff and agency staff used to  | Many pupils begin to fall behind due to a lack of support at home or poor absence levels. We need them to catch up, keep up and compete with their peers.   | Termly tracking and half-<br>termly pupil progress<br>meetings.   | SLT                          | £22,000 | Aut: 20 tuition<br>groups in place<br>across KS1 and KS2;<br>this is primarily using<br>the CATCH UP<br>FUNDING given to<br>schools; the money<br>from our PPG to<br>support this work |

| ensure a programme of after-school support takes place across the whole of the academic year. Rewards, prizes, incentives and certificates purchased to motivate and engage pupils even further.   |   |   |                          |                                | will start being used<br>in Spring 2021   |
|--|---|---|--------------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| E. Learning Mentor to support children and families to improve attendance and increase parental engagement.  | Some children have low aspirations due to a lack of experience and knowledge for the wider world. Attendance levels are often low due to a lack of aspiration from the parent. We need children to want to come to school in order for them to convince parents to bring them each day. | Weekly and termly tracking of attendance. | SD – learning<br>mentor. | Contribution of salary £20,000 |   |
| E. Some children are given free places at breakfast club. PPG pupils will not be expected to pay for any after-school clubs. School will provide them with any equipment they need to take part in this club.  Enhanced staffing ensures that more children can come to breakfast club and that required charge is kept as low as possible (just £2 per day) | Ensures children have a good start to the day and are in on time and ready to learn.  All children will be able to take part in at least one after-school club each year without worrying about the cost of this  | Weekly and termly tracking of attendance. |                          | £17,000                        | Aut: Clubs have not taken place this term due to COVID-29 complications; a reduced breakfast club is on offer, however due to limits on space currently only parents who are working or who are studying and need to be at university have been offered a place; this is reviewed regularly and vulnerable children are being |

| Use of external agencies to provide some clubs will help expand our current offer  F. Workshops / drop ins for parents/carers set up termly.  School begins its enrolment in order to gain LPPA status; the school pays for support and development in this area. | Parents often feel unable to help children with school work due to lack of knowledge of the curriculum. They also may feel under confident coming into school due to their own negative experiences of school. Making school a positive and welcoming environment will help parents/carers to feel more confident when engaging with school which will help parents/carers to support their children at home. | Set dates and publicise well. Ensure all staff are well prepared. Monitor levels of engagement. | KMac – Parental<br>engagement<br>lead | £2,500 for workshops £5,000 contribution towards LPPA status | offered occasional places to provide respite and support.  Aut: Parent workshops have not been able to take place so far this year; however a virtual event celebrating families was held and showed some success; this approach will be developed over the duration of the pandemic. It was agreed not to start the LPPS accreditation just yet due to the cessation of parent workshops and courses.  School is currently planning some online training for parents (phonics and online safety). |
|---|---|---|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| G. Some trips and visits to be subsidised. School to support families financially to allow their children to attend a range of trips, visits and special events.  | Some pupils cannot access learning in school due to barriers at home or problems in their own personal life including financial difficulty.  School does not need to rely on large donations from parents to run memory makers, hence   | Book monitoring of writing. Termly tracking and half-termly pupil progress meetings.            |                                       | £18,000<br>£6000 for<br>residential trip                     | Aut: range of trips across different subjects have been identified for SPRING 2021; it is hoped that these can take place.  £1K per class has been allocated to  |

|   | they are not cancelled                            |   |                              |         | support trips and                      |
|---|---|---|------------------------------|---------|--|
|   | and are guaranteed to                             |   |                              |         | visits.                                |
|   | take place helping                                |   |                              |         |  |
|   | enhance the curriculum                            |   |                              |         | Children in receipt                    |
|   | and broaden children's                            |   |                              |         | of PPG will not be                     |
|   | life experiences. Children who may not have had a |   |                              |         | expected to pay for a residential trip |
|   | chance to go on the trips                         |   |                              |         | this year due to the                   |
|   | previously due to                                 |   |                              |         | effects of lockdown                    |
|   | financial difficulties can                        |   |                              |         | and the limited                        |
|   | attend without                                    |   |                              |         | places they will                       |
|   | prejudice.  |   |                              |         | have been able to                      |
|   |   |   |                              |         | visit since March                      |
| <b>3</b> Fatan and and an                             | C   | Dava anta fira ya AAADAC La                 | CEC Music                    | 010 000 | 2020                                   |
| <b>G.</b> Extra-curricular activities are subsidised. | Some pupils would not access these activities     | Reports from MAPAS to see how well children | SEG- Music<br>subject leader | £12,000 |  |
| Music lessons are                                     | due to finances. By                               | are doing at music.                         |                              |         |  |
| subsidised for pupil                                  | removing the barrier of                           | are dering at thesie.                       | DM- PE lead                  |         |  |
| premium children and                                  | cost children will have an                        | Reports from sports lead                    |                              |         |  |
| higher achieving pupil                                | enriched curriculum                               | shows the number of                         |                              |         |  |
| premium children are                                  | which will make them                              | pupils in receipt of the                    |                              |         |  |
| targeted for this.                                    | more rounded and                                  | PP taking part in the                       |                              |         |  |
| Sports clubs are also                                 | confident. Reading                                | events                                      |                              |         |  |
| subsidised for our most vulnerable children; any      | music will also help with                         |   |                              |         |  |
| kit needed to take part                               | early reading skills.                             |   |                              |         |  |
| in these activities will be                           | Children will be able to                          |   |                              |         |  |
| paid for by the school.                               | partake in sports clubs                           |   |                              |         |  |
|   | and receive a balanced                            |   |                              |         |  |
|   | social curriculum.                                |   |                              |         |  |
| <b>H.</b> incentive days to                           | Some children have low                            | Regular monitoring.                         | NM – Dare to be              | £2,000  |  |
| promote pupil thirst for                              | aspirations due to a lack                         |   | different                    |         |  |
| progress and greater attainment, including            | of experience and knowledge for the wider         |   | KC –                         |         |  |
| encouraging children to                               | world. These projects                             |   | arrangement of               |         |  |
| be part of After School                               | give children experiences                         |   | special days via             |         |  |
| Clubs and do things in                                | they would not have had                           |   | British Values               |         |  |
| their local area. Support                             | otherwise which gives                             |   | work                         |         |  |
| Dare to be Different                                  | them choice and                                   |   |                              |         |  |
| initiative to encourage                               | ambition for the future.                          |   | DM -                         |         |  |
| girls to look at careers they might not have          |   |   |                              |         |  |
| thought of before.                                    |   |   |                              |         |  |
| mought of before.                                     |   |   |                              |         |  |

| F: Employment of Curriculum Support staff to help promote learning in the class and to help those who may not read at home or do   | Some pupils cannot access learning in school due to barriers at home or problems in their own personal life. Often they have no role models to  | Regular Monitoring             | LA to lead | Contribution to salary; £9,000  | Aut: Curriculum<br>support staff in<br>place; currently<br>working in Rec and<br>Y1   |
|--|---|--------------------------------|------------|---|---|
| homework. This person will work across the school supporting identified pupils in a number of ways.  | relate to.  |                                |            |   |   |
| I: Provision of free school shop, providing uniforms, coats, shoes and other essentials including toothpaste and toothbrushes in order to help give families some extra cash to buy other items with.  In order to do this, school will wash and prepare all items of uniform/clothing and purchase essential items which will be stocked in the shop. | Some families have to budget very carefully; they do not always prioritise the right things and this can mean that their child misses out on some activities, events etc.  Parents will not have to worry about paying for school uniforms as a supply of free, goodquality, clean clothes will always available. | Regular Monitoring of shop use | LA to lead | £1000 for<br>laundry supplies<br>and essential<br>items                               | Aut: Shop is fully stocked with a good range of items to help families; It was decided to purchase hand sanitiser for all families due to the expense of this particular item. This will be distributed in Dec 2020 |
| •  |   |                                |            | Total spend<br>£240,500   |   |
|  |   |                                |            | Total PPG Allocation: £254,616  CONTINGENCY RESERVES FOR INNOVATIVE PROJECTS: £14,116 |   |

We will measure the impact of the pupil premium spending by carefully monitoring and tracking the progress every pupil makes. We will compare baseline and exit data of prime and specific areas of learning, paying particular attention to the characteristics of effective learning. This will involve individualised target setting, teacher observations and photographic evidence for EYFS pupils. For Key stage 1 and 2, we will track the progress pupils make in their Year 1 phonics screening tests, Year 2 and 6 scaled scores and Reading, Spelling and Mathematics test scores for years 1-6. We will compare this progress with national scores and percentages. Following half termly teacher assessments, raising attainment plan meetings show the impact pupils have made in Reading, Writing and Maths and identify areas of focus and improvement. Termly assessments show impact pupils have made in all other subjects; these are sent out to parents at the end of each term. Individual case studies outline changes in attitude, effort levels, emotional development and social interaction as well as academic achievements. Pre and post learning challenges in all subjects show small and large steps of progress. Pupil and parent voice questionnaires provide written explanations and examples of the impact.

